PATENT SPECIFICATION

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DRAWINGS ATTACHED

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994,742

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COMPLETE SPECIFICATION

Pharmaceutical Tablets containing Anthelmintics, and the Manufacture thereof

We, THE WELLCOME FOUNDATION LIMITED, a Company incorporated in England, 133—193 Euston Road, London, N.W.1, do hereby declare the invention for which we pray that a pattern may be granted to us and the method by which it is to be performed to be particularly described in and by the following statement:—

The present invention relates to pharmaceutical compositions and to the manufacture thereof.

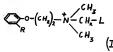
In both human and veterinary medicine an increasing interest is being taken in

the treatment of helminth infections particularly in the treatment of infections due to nematodes closely associated with the mutosa of the stomach and intestine. For this purpose there have been introduced into medical practice two types of salts: those of the N - benzyl - N/N - dimethyl - N - phenoxyethylammonium cation, which is commonly known as the "hephenium cation", and those of piperazine. Each of these types of salts is active against certain nematodes, though the respective ranges of activity are not identical. There has been much research and development into selecting salts which are most effective therapeutically and most convenient pharmacourtically; and each

nor identical. There has been much research and development into selecting salts which are most effective therapeutically and most convenient pharmaceutically; and each particular salt has its own advantages and disadvantages, Specific disadvantages of the salts of the beplenium cation are their bitter taste, their emetic effect and the effect of moisture on them, particularly on the readily soluble salts.

There are a number of quaternary ammonium cations related to the bephenium

20 cation, whose salts exhibit the same activity and other properties. This whole group of quaternary ammonium cations is represented by the general formula (I):



In formula (I), R is a hydrogen, chlorine or bromine atom or a methyl or nitro group when L is a phenyl group optionally substituted in the *ortho* position with a chlorine, bromine or fluonine atom or a methyl group, or is a hydrogen or halogen atom or a methyl or nitro group when L is a thienyl group.

The present applicant has realised that there would be an advantage in providing a pharmaceutical composition containing both a salt of the bephenium cation (or of an analogous cation, as defined in formula (I) and a salt of piperazine, and has arrived at a particularly advantageous composition.

According to the present invention in one aspect, there is provided a tablet conprising an inner portion, which contains a therapeutically acceptable quaternary ammonium saft having a cation of the formula (I) and an outer portion which completely surrounds the inner portion and contains a therapeutically acceptable salt of piecrazine.

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994,742 Also, there is provided a preferred tablet comprising an inner portion, preferably a core, which contains a cation of formula (I), and an outer portion which contains a salt of piperazine, completely surrounds the inner portion and is not uniform in Thus, in the preferred tablet there is a depression in the outer portion, in the form of a hole or score, which does not extend to the inner portion; a depression may lie on one or both sides of the tablet. Another preferred tablet is one wherein the thickness of the outer portion on one side of the tablet is substantially less than that on the other side. In the preferred tablets the inner portion is found to be released more quickly and 10 in particular the scored tablet is found to be convenient for administering a half dose by breaking the tablet along the score. The tablet is found to be wholly effective in that the quaternary ammonium salt and the salt of piperazine each exert their respective ranges of activity, while the specific disadvantages of the quaternary ammonium salts are reduced. The tablet 15 is especially useful for the treatment of worms in dogs. The preferred tablet comprises an inner portion containing a salt of the N_iN_j dimethyl - N - 2 - phenoxyethyl - N - benzylammonium cation or the N,N - dimethyl-N-2 - phenoxyethyl - N-2! - thenylammonium cation, in particular, the p - chlorobenzenesulphonate salt of the N,N - dimethyl - N-2 - phenoxyethyl - N-2! - thenylammonium 20 ammonium cation, and an outer portion containing the piperazine phosphate. The effective unit dosage range of the tablet depends on a number of variable factors, for example the toxicity and effectiveness of the quaternary ammonium salt, of the cation of formula (I) and of the salt of piperazine, the nematode to be controlled, the mode and frequency of administration and the amount of inactive ingredients in the tablet. The inner and outer portions of the tablet each contain generally between 50 mg, and 2.5 g., and preferably between 50 mg, and 250 mg, of the cation of formula (I) in the quaternary ammonium salt and of piperazine base in the salt of piper-According to the present invention in a further aspect, there is provided a method for the manufacture of the tablet comprising the application completely around the inner portion, which contains a quaternary ammonium salt containing a cation of for-mula (I), of the outer portion, which contains the salt of piperazine. For example, the outer portion may be applied by compressing or moulding onto the inner portion the outer portion materials; or by spraying onto the inner portion and drying a solution or suspension of the outer portion materials in a volatile solvent, such as alcohol or acetone; or by spreading or sprinkling onto the inner portion, which is moistened by a liquid such as alcohol, acetone or alcoholic polyvinylpyrrolidine, the outer portion materials in a fine powder, or by dipping the inner portion into a liquid or paste preparation of the outer portion materials. Preferably the outer portion materials are compressed onto the inner portion. According to the present invention in a further aspect, there is provided a method for the manufacture of the said preferred tablet comprising the compression onto the inner portion of the outer portion. Thus, the preferred tablet may be manufactured by a method in which a compression coating machine is used. Outer portion materials, a pre-formed core containing the inner portion materials and more outer portion materials are fed successively into each die cavity in the machine, so that each die cavity contains the outer portion materials completely surrounding the core; the outer portion materials are then compressed. The depressed region in the outer portion is formed in any convenient 50 manner: thus, suitable amounts of the outer portion materials are fed into each die cavity to form a tablet in which the thickness of the outer portion on one side is sub-

stantially less than on the other side; and a protrusion, preferably in the form of a point or ridge, is put on the face of each upper punch in the machine to form respectively a tablet with a hole or a score in the outer portion.

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The core is preferably also formed by compression, so that the core and the preferred tablet may be formed successively using a compression coating machine. One unit of the machine forms the core and a second unit compresses the outer portion materials onto it, or one unit forms the core and is then adjusted so that the outer portion materials are compressed onto it.

The core materials and the outer portion materials may be formed by granulating respectively the quaternary ammonium salt containing the cation of formula (I) and the salt of piperazine, using a binding agent, for example, starch mucilage, potato starch, 994,742

	sucrose, lactose or gelatin solution, and a lubricating agent, for example, magnesium stearate or talc.	
5	The present invention will now be illustrated with reference to the accompanying drawings in which figures I, II, III and V are all vertical sections and figure IV is a plan view. It will be understood that the figures are only illustrative, are not necessarily to scale, and are not limiting on the scope of the present invention. In figure I is shown a tablet consisting of a core (I) which contains a quaternary ammonium salt containing a cation of formula (I) and an outer portion (2) which completely surrounded the inner	5
10	sisting of an inner core (1) and an outer portion (2) whose thickness on one side of the tablet consisting of an inner core (1) and an outer portion (2) whose thickness on one side of the tablet is substantially less in that on the other side. In figure III is shown a preferred tablet consisting of an inner mere (1) and an outer portion (2) in which there is a hole (3) which does not extend to the constant of t	10
15	consisting of an inner core (1) and an outer portion (2) in which there is a score (3) which does not extend to the inner core (1). In figure IV, which is a plan view of the tablet illustrated in figure V, is shown the score (3). The invention will now be described with reference to the following examples, in which all temperatures are given in degrees Centigrade and the symbol ## designates.	15
20	the standard size of the mesh of the sieve used, as defined in the British Pharmacopoeia, 1958, page 968.	20
	Evanor T	-
	EXAMPLE I A tablet was made in the following manner: a) The Core	
05	N,N - Dimethyl - N - 2 - phenoxyethyl - N - 21 - thenylammonium	
25	Alginic Acid 216.25 mg.	25
	Potato Starch 2.105 mg.	
	Magnesium stearate 43.25 mg. 3.25 mg.	
30	A mucilage of the acid in ten times its weight of water was made, and granulated with a fine powder of the p-chlorobenzenesulphonate, more water being added when necessary. The moist granules were successively sifted 20 # and dried at 55°. The dried granules were successively sifted 20 # and mixed with the starch and stearate.	30
	b) The Outer Portion	
35	Piperazine phosphate Lactose 260 mg.	
	Dextrose monohydrate or sucrose 78 mg.	35
	Magnesium attanta	
	5.2 mg.	
40	A mixture of the phosphate, lactose and dextrose or sucrose was granulated with a mixture of water and industrial methylated spirits in equal parts. The moist granules were successively sifted 30 \pm and dried at 55°. The dried granules were sired 30 \pm and mixed with the starch and stearate.	40
	c) The Tablet	
45	The core and the outer portion granules were compressed successively on a com- pression coating machine. A hole was formed in the outer portion by a pointed pro- trusion on the face of each punch in the machine.	45
	The core of the tablet weighed 265 mg. and the outer portion 447 mg. The diameter of the tablet was 12.6 mm. and of the hole 4.0 to 6.0 mm. The depth of the tablet was 5.75 mm. and of the hole 1.5 to 2.0 mm.	
50	EXAMPLE 2. A tablet was made containing the following ingredients:	50
	a) The Core N - Benzyl - N, N - dimethyl - N - 2 - phenoxyethylammonium	
55	Potento etarch 150 mg.	
	Magnesium stearate 20 mg. 1.5 mg.	55
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Sucrose

Magnesium Stearate

Free flowing granules of the chloride were sifted 16#. The starch and stearate

were added to and mixed with the granules. b) The Outer Portion 312.5 mg. Piperazine citrate 75 mg.

Fine powders of the citrate and sucrose were mixed and granulated with an aqueous alcoholic gelatin solution. The granules were sifted 20#, the moist granules dried at 55°, and the dried granules sifted 20#. The stearate was added to and mixed with 5

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3.5 mg.

the dried granules. The core and outer portion granules were compressed successively on a compression-coating machine, to form a tablet with a core weight of 170 mg. and an outer portion weight of 400 mg.

EXAMPLE 3.

A tablet was made in the following manner:

a) The Core The core was made of the same materials and contained the same quantity of materials as Example I a.

b) The Outer Portion The outer portion was made of the same materials and contained the same quantity 20 of materials as Example I b.

c) The Tablet The core and the outer portion granules were compressed successively on a compression coating machine. A score was made in the outer portion by a ridge, suspend-

ing an angle of 55° at its apex, on the face of each punch in the machine.

The core of the tablet weighed 265 mg, and the outer portion 447 mg. The diameter of the tablet was 12.6 mm, and that of the score 10.2 mm. The score was 11.1 mm. in length, its greatest width 1.4 mm. and had a depth of 1 mm.

WHAT WE CLAIM IS: --

1. A method for the manufacture of a tablet comprising the application of an 30 outer portion, which contains a therapeutically acceptable salt of piperazine, completely around an inner portion, which contains a therapeutically acceptable quaternary ammonium salt having a cation of formula (I),

wherein R is a hydrogen, chlorine or bromine atom or a methyl or nitro group when L is a phenyl group optionally substituted in the ortho position with a chlorine, bromine or fluorine atom, or a methyl group, or R is a hydrogen or halogen atom or a methyl or nitro group when L is a thienyl group.

2. A method for the manufacture of a tablet as claimed in claim 1 comprising the compression of the outer portion onto the inner portion.

3. A method for the manufacture of a tablet as claimed in claim 2 wherein the inner portion is in the form of a core.

4. A tablet comprising an inner portion which contains a therapeutically acceptable quaternary ammonium salt having a cation of formula (I)

in must produce a cation of formula (I)

$$\begin{array}{c}
C H_z \\
C H_z
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
C H_z \\
C H_z
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
C H_z
\end{array}$$

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wherein R is a hydrogen, chlorine, or bromine atom or a methyl or nitro group when L is a phenyl group optionally substituted in the <i>ortho</i> position with a chlorine, bromine	
or nuorine atom or a methyl group, or R is a hydrogen or halogen atom or a methyl	
or nitro group when L is a thienvl group, and an outer portion which completely our	
rounds the inner portion and contains a therapeutically acceptable salt of piperazine.	5
5. A tablet as claimed in claim 4 wherein the outer portion is not uniform in	
thickness.	
6. A tablet as claimed in claim 5 wherein the thickness of the outer portion on	
one side of the tablet is substantially less than that on the other side	
 A tablet as claimed in claim 5 which has a depression in the outer portion. 	10
 A tablet as claimed in claim 7 wherein the depression is a hole. 	10
 A tablet as claimed in claim 7 wherein the depression is a score. 	

10. A tablet as claimed in any one of claims 4 to 9 wherein the inner portion contains a salt of the N,N - dimethyl - N - 2 - phenoxyethyl - N - benzylammonium 11. A tablet as claimed in any one of claims 4 to 9 wherein the inner portion con-

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tains a salt of the N,N - dimethyl - N - 2 - phenoxyethyl - N - 21 - thenylammonium

12. A tablet as claimed in claim 11 wherein the inner portion contains the p-20 chlorobenzenesulphonate salt of the N_2N - dimethyl - N - 2 - phenoxyethyl - N - 2^{1} thenylammonium cation.

13. A tablet as claimed in any one of claim 4 to 12 wherein the outer portion contains piperazine phosphate.

14. A tablet substantially as hereinbefore described with reference to the examples

25 and accompanying drawings. 15. A method for the manufacture of a tablet according to claim 4 substantially

as hereinbefore described or ascertained.

R. F. HASLAM, (Agent for the Applicants) (Chartered Patent Agent)

Reference has been directed in pursuance of Section 9, subsection (1) of the Patents Act, 1949, to patent No. 829,507.

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COMPLETE SPECIFICATION

1 SHEET This drawing is a reproduction of the Original on a reduced scale

